SENATE RESOLUTION 557—RECOGNIZING THE WEEK OF MARCH 20 THROUGH MARCH 26, 2022 AS "NATIONAL POISON PREVENTION WEEK" AND ENCOURAGING COMMUNITIES ACROSS THE UNITED STATES TO RAISE AWARENESS OF THE DANGERS OF POISONING AND PROMOTE POISON PREVENTION

Mr. BROWN (for himself, Mr. Scott of South Carolina, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

#### S. RES. 557

Whereas the designation of National Poison Prevention Week was first authorized by Congress and President Kennedy in 1961 in Public Law 87-319 (75 Stat. 681):

Whereas National Poison Prevention Week occurs during the third full week of March each year;

Whereas, as of January 31, 2022, poison centers have handled more than 1,019,000 cases related to the COVID-19 pandemic alone and have seen dramatic increases in cases relating to hand sanitizer and household cleaning products;

Whereas poison control centers responded to COVID-19 related surges by conducting poison safety and poisoning prevention outreach in a virtual format during the COVID-19 pandemic;

Whereas the American Association of Poison Control Centers (referred to in this preamble as the "AAPCC") works with the 55 poison control centers in the United States to track—

- (1) more than 1,000 commonly used household and workplace products that can cause poisoning; and
- (2) poisonings and the sources of those poisonings:

Whereas the National Poison Data System (referred to in this preamble as "NPDS") database contains over 456,000 products, ranging from viral and bacterial agents to commercial chemical and drug products;

Whereas, in 2020, 2,128,198 people called the poison help line to reach a poison control center;

Whereas, in 2020, as reported to the AAPCC, 93 percent of poison exposures reported to local poison control centers occurred in the home:

Whereas local poison control centers save the people of the United States \$1,800,000,000 in medical costs annually:

Whereas the AAPCC and poison control centers partner with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Food and Drug Administration, and State, local, Tribal, and territorial health departments to monitor occurrences of environmental, biological, and emerging threats in communities across the United States, including food poisoning, botulism, and vaping-associated lung injury:

Whereas, in the United States, more than 420 children 19 years of age and younger are treated in emergency departments for poisoning every day, and more than 135 children 19 years of age and younger die as a result of being poisoned each year;

Whereas, in 2020, children younger than 6 years of age constituted 42 percent of all poison exposures;

Whereas, from 2010 to 2021, data from poison control centers revealed a significant increase of an average of 18.8 percent per year in the number of intentional suicide patients who were adolescents 10 to 19 years of age, and that increase disproportionately occurred among female adolescents;

Whereas, in 2021, poison control centers have seen an increase in suspected suicides among adolescents 11 to 14 years of age;

Whereas, in 2020, more than 90,000 children 19 years of age and younger were treated in an emergency room due to unintended pediatric poisoning, and more than 90 percent of those incidents occurred in the home, most often with blood pressure medications, ibuprofen, acetaminophen, laundry packets, bleach, or sedatives or anti-anxiety medication:

Whereas, based on an analysis of the NPDS, from 2018 to 2019, there was a 444 percent increase in pediatric magnet ingestion cases reported to poison control centers in the United States, following the reintroduction of high-powered magnets to the market:

Whereas, an analysis of the National Electronic Injury Surveillance System shows—

- (1) an increased incidence of ingestion of dangerous foreign bodies like button batteries and high-powered magnets during the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- (2) evidence that parents and caregivers sought care for foreign body ingestions either because they knew the relative danger of the object ingested or because they sought advice from available resources like the poison control centers:

Whereas 70,630 cases of death due to drug overdose were reported in the United States in 2019, and the majority of those cases, approximately 71 percent, involved an opioid:

Whereas, in 2020, the most common medications that adults called the poison help line about were prescription and non-prescription pain relievers, household cleaning substances, cosmetics and personal care products, and antidepressants;

Whereas pain medications lead the list of the most common substances implicated in adult poison exposures, and are the single most frequent cause of pediatric fatalities reported to the AAPCC;

Whereas poison control centers issue guidance and provide support to individuals, including individuals who experience medication and dosing errors;

Whereas more than 35 percent of calls to the poison help line are from individuals 20 years of age or older, with more than 25 percent of those calls involving patients older than 50 years of age, and a common reason for those calls is therapeutic errors, including questions regarding drug interactions, incorrect dosing route, timing of doses, and double doses:

Whereas normal, curious children younger than 6 years of age are in stages of growth and development in which they are constantly exploring and investigating the world around them, and are often unable to read or recognize warning labels:

Whereas the AAPCC engages in community outreach by educating the public on poison safety and poisoning prevention, and provides educational resources, materials, and guidelines to educate the public on poisoning prevention:

Whereas individuals can reach a poison control center from anywhere in the United States by calling the poison help line at 1-800-222-1222 or accessing PoisonHelp.org;

Whereas, despite regulations of the Consumer Product Safety Commission requiring that a child-resistant package be designed or constructed to be significantly difficult for children under 5 years of age to open, or obtain a harmful amount of the contents, within a reasonable time, children can still open child-resistant packages; and

Whereas, each year during National Poison Prevention Week, the Federal Government assesses the progress made by the Federal Government in saving lives and reaffirms the national commitment of the Federal Government to preventing injuries and deaths from poisoning: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the Senate—

- (1) recognizes the week of March 20 through March 26, 2022, as "National Poison Prevention Week";
- (2) expresses gratitude for the people who operate or support poison control centers in their local communities;
- (3) expresses gratitude for frontline workers supporting poison prevention during the COVID-19 pandemic;
- (4) supports efforts and resources to provide poison prevention guidance or emergency assistance in response to poisonings; and
  - (5) encourages—
- (A) the people of the United States to educate their communities and families about poison safety and poisoning prevention; and
- (B) health care providers to practice and promote poison safety and poisoning prevention.

## AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 5010. Mr. SANDERS (for himself and Mr. JOHNSON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5002 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 4521, to provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5011. Mr. SANDERS (for himself, Ms. Warren, and Ms. Baldwin) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5002 proposed by Mr. Schumer to the bill H.R. 4521, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5012. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5002 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 4521, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5013. Mr. LEE (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. LANKFORD, and Mr. JOHNSON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7108, to suspend normal trade relations treatment for the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5014. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. BOOZMAN (for himself, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Blumenthal, and Mr. Kelly) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2102, to amend title 38, United States Code, to direct the Under Secretary for Health of the Department of Veterans Affairs to provide mammography screening for veterans who served in locations associated with toxic exposure.

SA 5015. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mrs. FEIN-STEIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 253, to expand research on the cannabidiol and marihuana.

#### TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 5010. Mr. SANDERS (for himself and Mr. Johnson) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5002 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 4521, to provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 567, strike line 1 and all that follows through page 568, line 17.

**SA 5011.** Mr. SANDERS (for himself, Ms. WARREN, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted an amendment intended to be

proposed to amendment SA 5002 proposed by Mr. Schumer to the bill H.R. 4521, to provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- At the end of section 1002(a), add the following:
- (5) CONDITIONS OF RECEIPT.—
- (A) REQUIRED AGREEMENT.—A covered entity to which the Secretary of Commerce awards Federal financial assistance under section 9902 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4652) or paragraph (3) of this subsection with amounts appropriated under this subsection shall enter into an agreement that specifies that, during the 5-year period immediately following the award of the Federal financial assistance—
  - (i) the covered entity will not-
- (I) repurchase an equity security that is listed on a national securities exchange of the covered entity or any parent company of the covered entity, except to the extent required under a contractual obligation that is in effect as of the date of enactment of this Act;
- (II) outsource or offshore jobs to a location outside of the United States: or
- (III) abrogate existing collective bargaining agreements; and
- (ii) the covered entity will remain neutral in any union organizing effort.
- (B) FINANCIAL PROTECTION OF GOVERNMENT —
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce may not award Federal financial assistance to a covered entity under section 9902 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4652) or paragraph (3) of this subsection with amounts appropriated under this subsection, unless—
- (I)(aa) the covered entity has issued securities that are traded on a national securities exchange; and
- (bb) the Secretary of the Treasury receives a warrant or equity interest in the covered entity; or
- (II) in the case of any covered entity other than a covered entity described in subclause (I), the Secretary of the Treasury receives, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury—
- (aa) a warrant or equity interest in the covered entity; or
- (bb) a senior debt instrument issued by the covered entity.
- (ii) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The terms and conditions of any warrant, equity interest, or senior debt instrument received under clause (i) shall be set by the Secretary of Commerce and shall meet the following requirements:
- (I) PURPOSES.—Such terms and conditions shall be designed to provide for a reasonable participation by the Secretary of Commerce, for the benefit of taxpayers, in equity appreciation in the case of a warrant or other equity interest, or a reasonable interest rate premium, in the case of a debt instrument.
- (II) AUTHORITY TO SELL, EXERCISE, OR SURRENDER.—For the primary benefit of taxpayers, the Secretary of Commerce may sell, exercise, or surrender a warrant or any senior debt instrument received under this subparagraph. The Secretary of Commerce shall not exercise voting power with respect to any shares of common stock acquired under this subparagraph.
- (III) SUFFICIENCY.—If the Secretary of Commerce determines that a covered entity cannot feasibly issue warrants or other equity interests as required by this subparagraph, the Secretary of Commerce may ac-

cept a senior debt instrument in an amount and on such terms as the Secretary of Commerce deems appropriate.

SA 5012. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5002 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 4521, to provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

In division B, at the end of title V insert the following:

## SEC. \_\_\_. WORKER OWNERSHIP, READINESS, AND KNOWLEDGE.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) EXISTING PROGRAM.—The term "existing program" means a program, designed to promote employee ownership and employee participation in business decisionmaking, that exists on the date on which the Secretary is carrying out a responsibility authorized under this section.
- (2) INITIATIVE.—The term "Initiative" means the Employee Ownership and Participation Initiative established under subsection (b).
- (3) NEW PROGRAM.—The term "new program" means a program, designed to promote employee ownership and employee participation in business decisionmaking, that does not exist on the date on which the Secretary is carrying out a responsibility authorized under this section.
- (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.
- (5) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given the term under section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).
- (b) EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP AND PARTICIPATION INITIATIVE.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Labor shall establish within the Department of Labor an Employee Ownership and Participation Initiative to promote employee ownership and employee participation in business decisionmaking.
- (2) FUNCTIONS.—In carrying out the Initiative, the Secretary shall—
- (A) support within the States existing programs designed to promote employee ownership and employee participation in business decisionmaking; and
- (B) facilitate within the States the formation of new programs designed to promote employee ownership and employee participation in business decisionmaking.
- (3) DUTIES.—To carry out the functions enumerated in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall—
- (A) support new programs and existing programs by—  $\,$
- (ii)(I) acting as a clearinghouse on techniques employed by new programs and existing programs within the States, and disseminating information relating to those techniques to the programs; or
- (II) funding projects for information gathering on those techniques, and dissemination of that information to the programs, by groups outside the Department of Labor; and
- (B) facilitate the formation of new programs, in ways that include holding or funding an annual conference of representatives from States with existing programs, representatives from States developing new programs, and representatives from States without existing programs.
- (c) Programs Regarding Employee Ownership and Participation.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of

- this Act, the Secretary shall establish a program to encourage new programs and existing programs within the States to foster employee ownership and employee participation in business decisionmaking throughout the United States.
- (2) Purpose of program.—The purpose of the program established under paragraph (1) is to encourage new and existing programs within the States that focus on—
- (A) providing education and outreach to inform employees and employers about the possibilities and benefits of employee ownership, business ownership succession planning, and employee participation in business decisionmaking, including providing information about financial education, employee teams, open-book management, and other tools that enable employees to share ideas and information about how their businesses can succeed:
- (B) providing technical assistance to assist employee efforts to become business owners, to enable employers and employees to explore and assess the feasibility of transferring full or partial ownership to employees, and to encourage employees and employers to start new employee-owned businesses:
- (C) training employees and employers with respect to methods of employee participation in open-book management, work teams, committees, and other approaches for seeking greater employee input; and
- (D) training other entities to apply for funding under this subsection, to establish new programs, and to carry out program activities.
- (3) PROGRAM DETAILS.—The Secretary may include, in the program established under paragraph (1), provisions that—
- (A) in the case of activities described in paragraph (2)(A)—
- (i) target key groups, such as retiring business owners, senior managers, unions, trade associations, community organizations, and economic development organizations:
- (ii) encourage cooperation in the organization of workshops and conferences; and
- (iii) prepare and distribute materials concerning employee ownership and participation, and business ownership succession planning;
- (B) in the case of activities described in paragraph (2)(B)—  $\,$
- (i) provide preliminary technical assistance to employee groups, managers, and retiring owners exploring the possibility of employee ownership:
- (ii) provide for the performance of preliminary feasibility assessments;
- (iii) assist in the funding of objective third-party feasibility studies and preliminary business valuations, and in selecting and monitoring professionals qualified to conduct such studies; and
- (iv) provide a data bank to help employees find legal, financial, and technical advice in connection with business ownership;
- (C) in the case of activities described in paragraph (2)(C)—
- (i) provide for courses on employee participation; and
- (ii) provide for the development and fostering of networks of employee-owned companies to spread the use of successful participation techniques; and
- (D) in the case of training described in paragraph (2)(D)—
- (i) provide for visits to existing programs by staff from new programs receiving funding under this section; and
- (ii) provide materials to be used for such training.
- (4) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall issue formal guidance, for recipients of grants awarded under subsection (d) and one-stop partners (as defined in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29

U.S.C. 3102)) affiliated with the workforce development systems (as so defined) of the States, proposing that programs and other activities funded under this section be-

- (A) proactive in encouraging actions and activities that promote employee ownership of, and participation in, businesses; and
- (B) comprehensive in emphasizing both employee ownership of, and participation in, businesses so as to increase productivity and broaden capital ownership.
  - (d) Grants.
- (1) IN GENERAL —In carrying out the program established under subsection (c), the Secretary may make grants for use in connection with new programs and existing programs within a State for any of the following activities:
- (A) Education and outreach as provided in subsection (c)(2)(A).
- (B) Technical assistance as provided in subsection (c)(2)(B).
- (C) Training activities for employees and employers as provided in subsection (c)(2)(C).
- (D) Activities facilitating cooperation among employee-owned firms.
- (E) Training as provided in subsection (c)(2)(D) for new programs provided by participants in existing programs dedicated to the objectives of this section, except that, for each fiscal year, the amount of the grants made for such training shall not exceed 10 percent of the total amount of the grants made under this section.
- (2) Amounts and conditions.—The Secretary shall determine the amount and any conditions for a grant made under this subsection. The amount of the grant shall be subject to paragraph (6), and shall reflect the capacity of the applicant for the grant.
- (3) APPLICATIONS.—Each entity desiring a grant under this subsection shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Secretary may reasonably require.
- (4) STATE APPLICATIONS.—Each State may sponsor and submit an application under paragraph (3) on behalf of any local entity consisting of a unit of State or local government, State-supported institution of higher education, or nonprofit organization, meeting the requirements of this section.
  - (5) Applications by entities
- (A) ENTITY APPLICATIONS.—If a State fails to support or establish a program pursuant to this section during any fiscal year, the Secretary shall, in the subsequent fiscal years, allow local entities described in paragraph (4) from that State to make applications for grants under paragraph (3) on their own initiative.
- (B) APPLICATION SCREENING.—Any State failing to support or establish a program pursuant to this section during any fiscal year may submit applications under paragraph (3) in the subsequent fiscal years but may not screen applications by local entities described in paragraph (4) before submitting the applications to the Secretary.
- (6) LIMITATIONS.—A recipient of a grant made under this subsection shall not receive, during a fiscal year, in the aggregate, more than the following amounts:
  - (A) For fiscal year 2023, \$300,000.
  - (B) For fiscal year 2024, \$330,000.
  - (C) For fiscal year 2025, \$363,000.
  - (D) For fiscal year 2026, \$399,300.
  - (E) For fiscal year 2027, \$439,200.
- (7) ANNUAL REPORT.—For each year, each recipient of a grant under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary a report describing how grant funds allocated pursuant to this subsection were expended during the 12-month period preceding the date of the submission of the report.
- (e) EVALUATIONS.—The Secretary is authorized to reserve not more than 10 percent of

- the funds appropriated for a fiscal year to carry out this section, for the purposes of conducting evaluations of the grant programs identified in subsection (d) and to provide related technical assistance.
- (f) REPORTING.—Not later than the expiration of the 36-month period following the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to Congress a report-
- (1) on progress related to employee ownership and participation in businesses in the United States; and
- (2) containing an analysis of critical costs and benefits of activities carried out under this section.
- (g) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of making grants pursuant to subsection (d) the following:
  - (A) For fiscal year 2023, \$4,000,000.
  - (B) For fiscal year 2024, \$7,000,000.
  - (C) For fiscal year 2025, \$10,000,000.
  - (D) For fiscal year 2026, \$13,000,000. (E) For fiscal year 2027, \$16,000,000.
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of funding the administrative expenses re-
- lated to the Initiative, for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2027, an amount not in excess of the lesser of-
  - (A) \$350,000; or
- (B) 5.0 percent of the maximum amount available under paragraph (1) for that fiscal vear.
- SA 5013. Mr. LEE (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. LANKFORD, and Mr. JOHN-SON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7108, to suspend normal trade relations treatment for the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as fol-
- Strike section 6 and insert the following:

#### SEC. 6. REAUTHORIZATION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLA-TIONS.

Section 1265 of the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (Subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114-328: 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by striking "6 years" and inserting "12 years".

SA 5014. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. BOOZMAN (for himself, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, and Mr. KELLY)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2102, to amend title 38, United States Code, to direct the Under Secretary for Health of the Department of Veterans Affairs to provide mammography screening for veterans who served in locations associated with toxic exposure; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Dr. Kate Hendricks Thomas Supporting Expanded Review for Veterans In Combat Environments Act" or the "Dr. Kate Hendricks Thomas SERVICE Act"

- SEC. 2. REVISION OF BREAST CANCER MAMMOG-RAPHY POLICY OF DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS TO PROVIDE MAMMOGRAPHY SCREENING FOR VETERANS WHO SERVED IN LOCA-TIONS ASSOCIATED WITH TOXIC EX-POSURE.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7322 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "The" and inserting "IN GENERAL.—The";

- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) by striking "The" and inserting "STANDARDS FOR SCREENING.-The"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting "a record of service in a location and during a period specified in subsection (d)," after "risk factors,"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsections:
- "(c) ELIGIBILITY FOR SCREENING FOR VET-ERANS EXPOSED TO TOXIC SUBSTANCES.—The Under Secretary for Health shall ensure that, under the policy developed under subsection (a), any veteran who, during active military, naval, or air service, was deployed in support of a contingency operation in a location and during a period specified in subsection (d), is eligible for a mammography screening by a health care provider of the Department.
- (d) LOCATIONS AND PERIODS SPECIFIED.-(1) The locations and periods specified in this subsection are the following:
  - "(A) Iraq during following periods:
- "(i) The period beginning on August 2, 1990, and ending on February 28, 1991.
- "(ii) The period beginning on March 19, 2003, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Iraq.
- "(B) The Southwest Asia theater of operations, other than Iraq, during the period beginning on August 2, 1990, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in such location, including the following locations:
  - "(i) Kuwait.
- "(ii) Saudi Arabia.
- "(iii) Oman.
- "(iv) Qatar.
- "(C) Afghanistan during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Afghanistan.
- "(D) Djibouti during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Djibouti.
- "(E) Syria during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Syria.
- "(F) Jordan during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Jordan.
- "(G) Egypt during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Egypt.
- "(H) Lebanon during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Lebanon.
- "(I) Yemen during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on such date as the Secretary determines burn pits are no longer used in Yemen.
- "(J) Such other locations and corresponding periods as set forth by the Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry established under section 201 of the Dignified Burial and Other Veterans' Benefits Improvement Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-260; 38 U.S.C. 527 note).
- "(K) Such other locations and corresponding periods as the Secretary, in collaboration with the Secretary of Defense, may determine appropriate in a report submitted under paragraph (2).
- "(2) Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of the Dr. Kate Hendricks Thomas Supporting Expanded Review for Veterans In Combat Environments Act, and not less frequently than once every two years thereafter, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in collaboration with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to Congress a report

specifying other locations and corresponding periods for purposes of paragraph (1)(K).

"(3) A location under this subsection shall not include any body of water around or any airspace above such location.

"(4) In this subsection, the term 'burn pit' means an area of land that—

"(A) is used for disposal of solid waste by burning in the outdoor air; and

"(B) does not contain a commercially manufactured incinerator or other equipment specifically designed and manufactured for the burning of solid waste.".

(b) REPORT ON BREAST CANCER RATES FOR VETERANS DEPLOYED TO CERTAIN AREAS .-Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the House of Representatives a report that compares the rates of breast cancer among members of the Armed Forces deployed to the locations and during the periods specified in section 7322(d) of title 38. United States Code, as added by subsection (a), as compared to members of the Armed Forces who were not deployed to those locations during those periods and to the civilian population.

**SA 5015.** Mr. SCHUMER (for Mrs. FEINSTEIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 253, to expand research on the cannabidiol and marihuana; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act".
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Definitions.

## TITLE I—REGISTRATIONS FOR MARIHUANA RESEARCH

Sec. 101. Marihuana research applications.

Sec. 102. Research protocols.

Sec. 103. Applications to manufacture marihuana for research.

Sec. 104. Adequate and uninterrupted supply.

Sec. 105. Security requirements.

Sec. 106. Prohibition against reinstating interdisciplinary review process for non-NIH-funded researchers.

TITLE II—DEVELOPMENT OF FDA-AP-PROVED DRUGS USING CANNABIDIOL AND MARIHUANA

Sec. 201. Medical research on cannabidiol. Sec. 202. Registration for the commercial production and distribution of Food and Drug Administration-

approved drugs.

Sec. 203. Importation of cannabidiol for research purposes.

# TITLE III—DOCTOR-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP

Sec. 301. Doctor-patient relationship.
TITLE IV—FEDERAL RESEARCH

Sec. 401. Federal research.

#### SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act-

(1) the term "appropriately registered" means that an individual or entity is registered under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) to engage in the type of activity that is carried out by the individual or entity with respect to a controlled substance on the schedule that is applicable to cannabidiol or marihuana, as applicable;

(2) the term "cannabidiol" means—

(A) the substance, cannabidiol, as derived from marihuana that has a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol level that is greater than 0.3 percent; and

(B) the synthetic equivalent of the substance described in subparagraph (A);

(3) the terms "controlled substance", "dispense", "distribute", "manufacture", "marihuana", and "practitioner" have the meanings given such terms in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802), as amended by this Act;

(4) the term "covered institution of higher education" means an institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) that—

(A)(i) has highest or higher research activity, as defined by the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education: or

(ii) is an accredited medical school or an accredited school of osteopathic medicine;and

(B) is appropriately registered under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.);

(5) the term "drug" has the meaning given the term in section 201(g)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321(g)(1));

(6) the term "medical research for drug development" means medical research that is—

(A) a preclinical study or clinical investigation conducted in accordance with section 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(i)) or otherwise permitted by the Department of Health and Human Services to determine the potential medical benefits of marihuana or cannabidiol as a drug; and

(B) conducted by a covered institution of higher education, practitioner, or manufacturer that is appropriately registered under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.); and

(7) the term "State" means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any territory of the United States.

## TITLE I—REGISTRATIONS FOR MARIHUANA RESEARCH

SEC. 101. MARIHUANA RESEARCH APPLICATIONS.

Section 303(f) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823(f)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (5) as subparagraphs (A) through (E), respectively;

(2) by striking "(f) The Attorney General" and inserting "(f)(1) The Attorney General";

(3) by striking "Registration applications" and inserting the following:

"(2)(A) Registration applications";

(4) by striking "Article 7" and inserting the following:

"(3) Article 7"; and

(5) by inserting after paragraph (2)(A), as so designated, the following:

"(B)(i) The Attorney General shall register a practitioner to conduct research with marihuana if—

"(I) the applicant's research protocol-

"(aa) has been reviewed and allowed—

"(AA) by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(i));

"(BB) by the National Institutes of Health or another Federal agency that funds scientific research; or

"(CC) pursuant to sections 1301.18 and 1301.32 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successors thereto; and

"(II) the applicant has demonstrated to the Attorney General that there are effective procedures in place to adequately safeguard against diversion of the controlled substance for legitimate medical or scientific use pursuant to section 105 of the Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act, including demonstrating that the security measures are adequate for storing the quantity of marihuana the applicant would be authorized to possess.

"(ii) The Attorney General may deny an application for registration under this subparagraph only if the Attorney General determines that the issuance of the registration would be inconsistent with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the Attorney General shall consider the factors listed in—

``(I) subparagraphs (B) through (E) of paragraph (1); and

"(II) subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), if the applicable State requires practitioners conducting research to register with a board or authority described in such subparagraph (A).

"(iii)(I) Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Attorney General receives a complete application for registration under this subparagraph, the Attorney General shall—

"(aa) approve the application; or

"(bb) request supplemental information.

"(II) For purposes of subclause (I), an application shall be deemed complete when the applicant has submitted documentation showing that the requirements under clause (i) are satisfied.

"(iv) Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Attorney General receives supplemental information as described in clause (iii)(I)(bb) in connection with an application described in this subparagraph, the Attorney General shall approve or deny the application.

"(v) If an application described in this subparagraph is denied, the Attorney General shall provide a written explanation of the basis of denial to the applicant.".

#### SEC. 102. RESEARCH PROTOCOLS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (2)(B) of section 303(f) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823(f)), as amended by section 101 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(vi)(I) If the Attorney General grants an application for registration under clause (i), the registrant may amend or supplement the research protocol without reapplying if the registrant does not change—

"(aa) the quantity or type of drug;

"(bb) the source of the drug; or

"(cc) the conditions under which the drug is stored, tracked, or administered.

"(II)(aa) If a registrant under clause (i) seeks to change the type of drug, the source of the drug, or conditions under which the drug is stored, tracked, or administered, the registrant shall notify the Attorney General via registered mail, or an electronic means permitted by the Attorney General, not later than 30 days before implementing an amended or supplemental research protocol.

"(bb) A registrant may proceed with an amended or supplemental research protocol described in item (aa) if the Attorney General does not explicitly object during the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the Attorney General receives the notice under item (aa).

"(cc) The Attorney General may only object to an amended or supplemental research protocol under this subclause if additional security measures are needed to safeguard against diversion or abuse.

"(dd) If a registrant under clause (i) seeks to address additional security measures identified by the Attorney General under item (cc), the registrant shall notify the Attorney General via registered mail, or an electronic means permitted by the Attorney General, not later than 30 days before implementing

an amended or supplemental research protocol.

"(ee) A registrant may proceed with an amended or supplemental research protocol described in item (dd) if the Attorney General does not explicitly object during the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the Attorney General receives the notice under item (dd).

"(III)(aa) If a registrant under clause (i) seeks to change the quantity of marihuana needed for research and the change in quantity does not impact the factors described in item (bb) or (cc) of subclause (I) of this clause, the registrant shall notify the Attorney General via registered mail or using an electronic means permitted by the Attorney General.

"(bb) A notification under item (aa) shall include—

"(AA) the Drug Enforcement Administration registration number of the registrant;

"(BB) the quantity of marihuana already obtained:

"(CC) the quantity of additional marihuana needed to complete the research; and

"(DD) an attestation that the change in quantity does not impact the source of the drug or the conditions under which the drug is stored, tracked, or administered.

"(cc) The Attorney General shall ensure that—

"(AA) any registered mail return receipt with respect to a notification under item (aa) is submitted for delivery to the registrant providing the notification not later than 3 days after receipt of the notification by the Attorney General; and

"(BB) notice of receipt of a notification using an electronic means permitted under item (aa) is provided to the registrant providing the notification not later than 3 days after receipt of the notification by the Attorney General.

"(dd)(AA) On and after the date described in subitem (BB), a registrant that submits a notification in accordance with item (aa) may proceed with the research as if the change in quantity has been approved on such date, unless the Attorney General notifies the registrant of an objection described in item (ee)

"(BB) The date described in this subitem is the date on which a registrant submitting a notification under item (aa) receives the registered mail return receipt with respect to the notification or the date on which the registrant receives notice that the notification using an electronic means permitted under item (aa) was received by the Attorney General, as the case may be.

"(ee) A notification submitted under item (aa) shall be deemed to be approved unless the Attorney General, not later than 10 days after receiving the notification, explicitly objects based on a finding that the change in quantity—

"(AA) does impact the source of the drug or the conditions under which the drug is stored, tracked, or administered; or

"(BB) necessitates that the registrant implement additional security measures to safeguard against diversion or abuse.

"(IV) Nothing in this clause shall limit the authority of the Secretary of Health and Human Services over requirements related to research protocols, including changes in—

"(aa) the method of administration of marihuana:

"(bb) the dosing of marihuana; and

"(cc) the number of individuals or patients involved in research.".

(b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall promulgate regulations to carry out the amendment made by this section.

## SEC. 103. APPLICATIONS TO MANUFACTURE MARIHUANA FOR RESEARCH.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 303 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (c) through (k) as subsections (d) through (l), respectively;

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

"(c)(1)(A) As it relates to applications to manufacture marihuana for research purposes, if the Attorney General places a notice in the Federal Register to increase the number of entities registered under this Act to manufacture marihuana to supply appropriately registered researchers in the United States, the Attorney General shall, not later than 60 days after the date on which the Attorney General receives a completed application—

"(i) approve the application; or

"(ii) request supplemental information.

"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), an application shall be deemed complete when the applicant has submitted documentation showing each of the following:

"(i) The requirements designated in the notice in the Federal Register are satisfied.

"(ii) The requirements under this Act are satisfied.

"(iii) The applicant will limit the transfer and sale of any marihuana manufactured under this subsection—

"(I) to researchers who are registered under this Act to conduct research with controlled substances in schedule I; and

"(II) for purposes of use in preclinical research or in a clinical investigation pursuant to an investigational new drug exemption under 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(i)).

"(iv) The applicant will transfer or sell any marihuana manufactured under this subsection only with prior, written consent for the transfer or sale by the Attorney General.

"(v) The applicant has completed the application and review process under subsection (a) for the bulk manufacture of controlled substances in schedule I.

"(vi) The applicant has established and begun operation of a process for storage and handling of controlled substances in schedule I, including for inventory control and monitoring security in accordance with section 105 of the Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act.

"(vii) The applicant is licensed by each State in which the applicant will conduct operations under this subsection, to manufacture marihuana, if that State requires such a license

"(C) Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Attorney General receives supplemental information requested under subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect to an application, the Attorney General shall approve or deny the application

"(2) If an application described in this subsection is denied, the Attorney General shall provide a written explanation of the basis of denial to the applicant.";

(3) in subsection (h)(2), as so redesignated, by striking "subsection (f)" each place it appears and inserting "subsection (g)";

(4) in subsection (j)(1), as so redesignated, by striking "subsection (d)" and inserting "subsection (e)"; and

(5) in subsection (k), as so redesignated, by striking "subsection (f)" each place it appears and inserting "subsection (g)".

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—

(1) The Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section 102 (21 U.S.C. 802)-

(i) in paragraph (52)(B)—

(I) by striking "303(f)" each place it appears and inserting "303(g)"; and

(II) in clause (i), by striking "(d), or (e)" and inserting "(e), or (f)"; and

(ii) in paragraph (54), by striking "303(f)" each place it appears and inserting "303(g)";

(B) in section 302(g)(5)(A)(iii)(I)(bb) (21 U.S.C. 822(g)(5)(A)(iii)(I)(bb)), by striking "303(f)" and inserting "303(g)";

(C) in section 304 (21 U.S.C. 824), by striking "303(g)(1)" each place it appears and inserting "303(h)(1)":

(D) in section 307(d)(2) (21 U.S.C. 827(d)(2)), by striking "303(f)" and inserting "303(g)";

(E) in section 309A(a)(2) (21 U.S.C. 829a(a)(2)), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "303(g)(2)" and inserting "303(h)(2)";

(F) in section 311(h) (21 U.S.C. 831(h)), by striking "303(f)" each place it appears and inserting "303(g)";

(G) in section 401(h)(2) (21 U.S.C. 841(h)(2)), by striking "303(f)" each place it appears and inserting "303(g)";

(H) in section 403(c)(2)(B) (21 U.S.C. 843(c)(2)(B)), by striking "303(f)" and inserting "303(g)"; and

(I) in section 512(c)(1) (21 U.S.C. 882(c)(1)) by striking "303(f)" and inserting "303(g)".

(2) Section 1008(c) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 958(c)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "303(d)" and inserting "303(e)"; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "303(h)" and inserting "303(i)".

(3) Title V of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290aa et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section  $520\bar{E}$ -4(c) (42 U.S.C. 290bb-36d(c)), by striking "303(g)(2)(B)" and inserting "303(h)(2)(B)"; and

(B) in section 544(a)(3) (42 U.S.C. 290dd–3(a)(3)), by striking "303(g)" and inserting "303(h)".

(4) Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section 1833(bb)(3)(B) (42 U.S.C. 13951(bb)(3)(B)), by striking "303(g)" and inserting "303(h)";

(B) in section 1834(o)(3)(C)(ii) (42 U.S.C. 1395m(o)(3)(C)(ii)), by striking "303(g)" and inserting "303(h)"; and

(C) in section 1866F(c)(3)(C) (42 U.S.C. 1395cc-6(c)(3)(C)), by striking "303(g)" and inserting "303(h)".

(5) Section 1903(aa)(2)(C)(ii) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(aa)(2)(C)(ii)) is amended by striking "303(g)" each place it appears and inserting "303(h)".

## SEC. 104. ADEQUATE AND UNINTERRUPTED SUPPLY.

On an annual basis, the Attorney General shall assess whether there is an adequate and uninterrupted supply of marihuana, including of specific strains, for research purposes. SEC. 105. SECURITY REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—An individual or entity engaged in researching marihuana or its components shall store it in a securely locked, substantially constructed cabinet.

(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER MEASURES.—Any other security measures required by the Attorney General to safeguard against diversion shall be consistent with those required for practitioners conducting research on other controlled substances in schedules I and II in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812(c)) that have a similar risk of diversion and abuse.

# SEC. 106. PROHIBITION AGAINST REINSTATING INTERDISCIPLINARY REVIEW PROCESS FOR NON-NIH-FUNDED RESEARCHERS.

The Secretary of Health and Human Services may not—

(1) reinstate the Public Health Service interdisciplinary review process described in the guidance entitled "Guidance on Procedures for the Provision of Marijuana for Medical Research" (issued on May 21, 1999); or

(2) require another review of scientific protocols that is applicable only to research on marihuana or its components.

#### TITLE II—DEVELOPMENT OF FDA-AP-PROVED DRUGS USING CANNABIDIOL AND MARIHUANA

#### SEC. 201. MEDICAL RESEARCH ON CANNABIDIOL.

Notwithstanding any provision of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), chapter 81 of title 41, United States Code, or any other Federal law, an appropriately registered covered institution of higher education, a practitioner, or a manufacturer may manufacture, distribute, dispense, or possess marihuana or cannabidiol if the marihuana or cannabidiol is manufactured, distributed, dispensed, or possessed, respectively, for purposes of medical research for drug development or subsequent commercial production in accordance with section 202.

# SEC. 202. REGISTRATION FOR THE COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION-APPROVED DRUGS.

The Attorney General shall register an applicant to manufacture or distribute cannabidiol or marihuana for the purpose of commercial production of a drug containing or derived from marihuana that is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355), in accordance with the applicable requirements under subsection (a) or (b) of section 303 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823).

## SEC. 203. IMPORTATION OF CANNABIDIOL FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES.

The Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 951 et seq.) is amended—

- (1) in section 1002(a) (21 U.S.C. 952(a))— (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at
- the end;
  (B) in paragraph (2)(C), by inserting "and"
- after "uses,"; and
  (C) inserting before the undesignated mat-
- ter following paragraph (2)(C) the following: "(3) such amounts of marihuana or cannabidiol (as defined in section 2 of the Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act) as are—
- "(A) approved for medical research for drug development (as such terms are defined in section 2 of the Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act), or
- "(B) necessary for registered manufacturers to manufacture drugs containing marihuana or cannabidiol that have been approved for use by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.),"; and
- (2) in section 1007 (21 U.S.C. 957), by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no person may—
- "(A) import into the customs territory of the United States from any place outside thereof (but within the United States), or import into the United States from any place outside thereof, any controlled substance or list I chemical, or
- "(B) export from the United States any controlled substance or list I chemical,
- unless there is in effect with respect to such person a registration issued by the Attorney General under section 1008, or unless such person is exempt from registration under subsection (b).
- "(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the import or export of marihuana or cannabidiol (as defined in section 2 of the Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act) that has been approved for—

- "(A) medical research for drug development authorized under section 201 of the Cannabidiol and Marihuana Research Expansion Act: or
- "(B) use by registered manufacturers to manufacture drugs containing marihuana or cannabidiol that have been approved for use by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.)."

## TITLE III—DOCTOR-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP

#### SEC. 301. DOCTOR-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP.

It shall not be a violation of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) for a State-licensed physician to discuss—

- (1) the currently known potential harms and benefits of marihuana derivatives, including cannabidiol, as a treatment with the legal guardian of the patient of the physician if the patient is a child; or
- (2) the currently known potential harms and benefits of marihuana and marihuana derivatives, including cannabidiol, as a treatment with the patient or the legal guardian of the patient of the physician if the patient is a legal adult.

#### TITLE IV—FEDERAL RESEARCH

#### SEC. 401. FEDERAL RESEARCH.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the Director of the National Institutes of Health and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall submit to the Caucus on International Narcotics Control, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on—
- (1) the potential therapeutic effects of cannabidiol or marihuana on serious medical conditions, including intractable epilepsy;
- (2) the potential effects of marihuana, including—
- (A) the effect of increasing delta-9tetrahydrocannabinol levels on the human body and developing adolescent brains; and
- (B) the effect of various delta-9tetrahydrocannabinol levels on cognitive abilities, such as those that are required to operate motor vehicles or other heavy equipment: and
- (3) the barriers associated with researching marihuana or cannabidiol in States that have legalized the use of such substances, which shall include—
- (A) recommendations as to how such barriers might be overcome, including whether public-private partnerships or Federal-State research partnerships may or should be implemented to provide researchers with access to additional strains of marihuana and cannabidiol; and
- (B) recommendations as to what safeguards must be in place to verify—
- (i) the levels of tetrahydrocannabinol, cannabidiol, or other cannabinoids contained in products obtained from such States is accurate; and
- (ii) that such products do not contain harmful or toxic components.
- (b) ACTIVITIES.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, either directly or through awarding grants, contacts, or cooperative agreements, shall expand and coordinate the activities of the National Institutes of Health and other relevant Federal agencies to better determine the effects of cannabidiol and marihuana, as outlined in the report submitted under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

## AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I have four requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

#### COMMITIEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, March 24, 2022, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing. COMMITIEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

The Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, March 24, 2022, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

### COMMITIEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

The Committee on Foreign Relations is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, March 24, 2022, at 11 a.m., to conduct a classified briefing.

#### COMMITIEE ON THE JUDICIARY

The Committee on the Judiciary is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, March 24, 2022, at 9 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

## SUPPORTING EXPANDED REVIEW FOR VETERANS IN COMBAT EN-VIRONMENTS ACT OF 2021

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Veterans' Affairs be discharged from further consideration of S. 2102 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the bill by title. The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 2102) to amend title 38, United States Code, to direct the Under Secretary for Health of the Department of Veterans Affairs to provide mammography screening for veterans who served in locations associated with toxic exposure.

There being no objection, the committee was discharged, and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Boozman substitute amendment be considered and agreed to and that the bill, as amended, be considered read a third time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 5014) in the nature of a substitute was agreed to, as follows:

(Purpose: In the nature of a substitute)

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Dr. Kate Hendricks Thomas Supporting Expanded Review for Veterans In Combat Environments